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# ABYANTARA TAKRA PRAYOGA IN DIFFERENT AILMENTS – AYURVEDIC VIEW: CONCEPTUAL STUDY

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#### ARSTRACT

Takra is considered to be Amrutha for human beings. Different kinds of Takra kalpanas are mentioned by Various Acharyas. Takra is very useful in digestive problems and it is considered to be best medicine in diseases of Vatakaphaja origin. Takra is beneficial in curing Grahani, Udara, Gulma, Pandu, Arsha, Mutrcakruchra, Atisara, and other disorders. Takra acts as Vatakaphashamaka and it does not cause aggravation of the Pitta. In this paper an effort will be made to explore the Abhyantara Takra Prayoga mentioned by Classics.

**Keywords:** Amrutha, Abhyantara Takra Prayoga, Takra, Takra Kalpanas, Vata Kaphaja Vyadhis, Grahani, Udara, Arsha.

INTRODUCTION: Takra is having Tridoshahara property, one who consume Takra daily, never experiences any Disease. The diseases which are relieved by Takra, usually do not occur. Takra which is prepared out of Cow's milk is considered to be the superior<sup>1</sup>. If *Takra* was available in the heaven or Kailasa, lord shiva's neck would not have been turn to blue, similarly lord Keshava would not have attain Krshna Varnata. Chandra would not been suffered with Kshaya, and Lord Ganesha with Udara Roga. This is high lightened the medicinal properties of Takra in curing ailments like Visha, Kshaya, Udara Roga<sup>2</sup>.Takra by its Srotoshodhana Property removes the Avarana there by does Uttarottanta Dhatu Poshana which in turn nourishes and strengthens the body.

## PROPERTIES OF TAKRA<sup>3</sup>:

Rasa: Madhura - Amla Pradhana Rasa

and Kashaya Anurasa Guna: Laghu, Ruksha.

Veerya: Ushna. Vipaka: Madhura

Doshaghnata: Tridoshahara.

Karmukata: Srotoshodhana, Agni Depana, Grahi, Laghava, Balya, Varnya, Avrushya, Tushtikara, Hrudhya.

### ASTA GUNAS OF TAKRA<sup>4</sup>:

- 1. Kshut Vardhana Improves appetite
- 2. *Netra Rujapaha* relieves eye disorder.
- 3. *Prana Pada* it is *Pranadayaka*.
- 4. Shonita Mamsada Rakta Mamsa Kara.
- 5. Amahara Relieves Ama.
- 6. *Abhighatahara* Causes relief in trauma.
- 7. Kapha Hara
- 8. Vata Hara.

#### TYPES OF TAKRA

- 1. Based on Preparation of *Takra*<sup>5</sup>:
- Ghola
- Mathita
- Takra
- Udashwit
- Chacchika
- *Ghola*: Curds with its *Saara* Churned with or without adding water is called as *Ghola*, it is having *Vata Kaphahara*

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Property. Ghola with Sharkara is having the properties similar to that of Rasala.

- *Mathitha*: Curd without Saara, churned without adding water. Kapha Pittahara Property.
- Takra: 1 part of Curd, churned by adding 1/4 th part of Water. It is having Laghu guna, Kashaya Amla Rasa, Ushna Veerya, Madhura Vipaka, Tridoshahara, Grahi, Deepana, Vrushya, Preenana, Shramahara, Vrushahara.
- *Udashwit* : Curd churned by adding 1half of the quantity of water is called

- as *Udashwit*, it is having *Kaphakara* property, strengthens the body, removes undigested material.
- Chacchika: Sara Heena Portion of Dadhi is called Chacchika.
- 2. Based on the presence of *Snehamsa* in the Takra<sup>6</sup>.
- Ruksha Takra :- Butter milk without Fat
- Adhodhruta Takra: Butter milk from which half of the fat is removed.
- Anudhruta Takra: Butter milk with fat portion.

Table No. 1: Showing the indication of Takra based on the Snehamsha.

Types	Indication
Ruksha	Kapha Pradhana Vyadhi, if the power of digestion is ex-
	tremely weak and patient strength is low
Adhodruta Takra	Pitta Pradhana Vyadhi, if the power of digestion is moderate
	and patient has moderate strength.
Anudruta Takra	Vata Pradhana Vyadhi, if the power of digestion is strong and
	patient has enough strength.

## PROPERTIES OF TAKRA MADE OUT OF DIFFERENT ANIMALS MILK<sup>7</sup>.

- Gavya Takra: Takra prepared out 1. of cow's milk is considered to be Shresta. Stimulates the *Jataraghni*, having *Medhya* (memory power), Tridoshahara Property and relieves Arshas, Gulma, Atisara, Pleeha Roga and Grahani Vikara.
- 2. Mahisha Takra (Buffalow's milk):-Takra prepared out of buffalow's milk is having Guru and Sandhra Guna does Kaphavardhana, Shophaakara.
- Aja / Chhagala Takra:- Takra prepared out of Goat origin is Snigdha, Lagu, Tridoshahara and indicated in Gulma, Grahani, Arshas, Shotha and Pandu Rogas. TAKRA SEVANA KALA<sup>8</sup>: Depending upon the Rogi and Roga Bala and Rutu Anusara Takra should be administer either for 7 days or for 10 days or for 15 days or for a month. Thereafter, it should be gradually withdrawn in the same quantity in

which it was increased in the beginning. While reducing the butter milk, the patient total food should not be reduced. Adaptation of this procedure will promote and maintain the strength of his digestive power and promote his strength, plumpness as well as complexion.

## CONTRAINDICATIONS FOR TAKRA PANA<sup>9</sup>:

- 1. Ushna Kala:- Hot season.
- 2. Kshata, Durbhala Purusha: Debiliated person.
- 3. Vyadhis:- Murcha, Bhrama, Daha, Rakta Pitta.

## INDICATIONS FOR TAKRA PANA<sup>10</sup>

- 1. Kala:- Sheeta Kala.
- 2. *Marghavarodha* condition
- 3. Agnimandhya Condition.
- 4. Vyadhis:- mainly indicated in Vatakaphaja Vyadhis. Shopha, Arsha, Grahani Dosha, Mutra Graha, Udara, Aruchi, Pandu, Gara Visha, Pleeha

Roga, Arochaka, Vishama Jwara. Trushna. Chhardi. Praseka. Shula. Sneha Vyapath condition.

#### **DICUSSION:**

*Takra Prayoga* in Various Disorders:

Takra Kaphaja 1. Prayoga in*Gulma*<sup>11</sup>:

Takra mixed with Yavani Churna and Vida Lavana Should be administered in Kaphaja Gulma to promote digestion power, and Anulomana of Vata, Mutra, Pureesha.

Takra Prayoga in Aruchi<sup>12</sup>: 2.

Powder of fried Rajika, Jeeraka, Bhrusta Hingu, Shunti, Saindhava should be mixed with Godadhi and Takra is prepared. And filtered through clean cloth is the best taste promoter as it stimulates taste perception immediately and promotes Agni thus helpful in curing Aruchi.

- Takra Prayoga in Vidvibandha<sup>13</sup>:-3. In case of Vidvibandha, Takra mixed with Yavani and Bida Lavana is beneficial.
- 4. Takra Prayoga in Arsha:-There is no recipe for Arshas caused by Vata Kapha better than Takra.

Various Takra preparations in the management of Arsha Roga is as follows:

- Takra or Dadhi prepared in the pot anointed with Chitraka Mula Twak Kalka is beneficial to alleviate Arsha Roga<sup>\*</sup>
- Takra Processed with Bharangi, Asphota, Yavani, Amlaka and Guduchi
- Takra processed with Pippali, Pippali Mula, Chavya, Chitraka, Vidanga, Shunti, Hareetaki is beneficial in Arsha Roga.
- Mantha of Saktu (corn floor) mixed with powder of Bhallataka without much of Lavana and with Takra.
- Kalka of Kutaja and Vandaka Mula Mixed with *Takra*<sup>14</sup>.

- Powder of Kalinga, Magadha, Chitraka and Surana each succeeding one is increased by one part than its preceding should be consumed with Takra is beneficial in Swelling and pain in the rectum.<sup>15</sup>
- Hingavdi Churna with Takra is beneficial in Swelling and pain in the rectum, poor digestion as well as in abdominal tumor<sup>16</sup>.
- Powder of Pranada (Haritaki) and Guda followed by drink of Takra<sup>17</sup>
- Takra mixed with Chitraka Kalka which has been collected either in Karthika or Ashada, marghashira months or during the constellation of Pushya in any other months is beneficial<sup>18</sup>.
- Avlehya prepared with the decoction of Chitraka, made thick by adding honey and jaggery can be eaten followed by Takra Pana<sup>19</sup>.
- Takra is poured into a pot smeared inside with ghee and added with powders of Hapusha, Upakunchika, Dhanyaka, Ajamoda, Ajaji, Sathi Karavi, Yavani, Chitraka, Pippali Dwaya and Pippali Mula allowed to ferment; this buttermilk also be useful in curing  $Arsha^{20}$ .
- If the Kayagni of the patient is very weak, then should be given only Takra Pana in the morning, Takravalehika (linctus prepared by adding buttermilk to the flour of fried paddy) should be given in the evening. Or after Takra is digested which is taken in the morning, again Takra with Saindhava lavana should be given for drinking followed by Takrodana (Rice mixed with buttermilk) added with fat should be given<sup>21</sup>.
- Takra Prayoga in Grahani: 5.

Takra is considered to be Pathya for Grahani Dosha. For a patient who is suffering from Grahani Dosha Takra is an excellent drink because it stimulates the power of digestion, it is Grahi (constipative) and light for digestion<sup>22</sup>.

- 6. Takra Prayoga in Atisara:
- In Pakvathisara:- Yavagu Prepared with Takra processed with Bilwa, Musta, Akshi Bheshaja, Dhataki Pushpa cures Pakvathisara<sup>23</sup>
- In Kaphaja Atisara:- powders of Pata, Mocharasa, Ambodha, Dhataki, Bilwa, Nagara consumed with Takra and Guda destroys Kaphaja Atisara<sup>24</sup>.
- Takra Prayoga in Udara Roga: 7. Takra which is not very Sandhra (thick), which is Swadhu Rasa (sweet not sour in taste) and which is free from fat is useful in the patients suffering from *Udara Roga* <sup>25</sup>

Table No.2: Udara Roga Bhedausara Takra Pana<sup>26</sup>

Sl.No	Udara Roga	Abyantara Takra Prayoga
	Bheda	
1.	Vatodara	Takra along with Pippali, Saindhava.
2.	Pittodara	Takra which is Swadu and added with Sita and Madhuka
		Churna.
3.	Kaphodara	Takra along with Yavani, Saindhava, Ajaji, Trikatu mixed with
		Madhu
4.	Nichayodara	Takra along with Trayushana, Kshara, Lavana.
5.	Plihodara	Takra along with Madhu, Taila, and the Churnas of Vacha,
		Shunti, Shatahva, Kusta and Saindhava.
6.	Udakodara	Takra along with Trikatu Churna.
7.	Baddhodara	Takra added with Hapusha, Ajaji, Yavani, and Saindhava La-
		vana.
8.	Chidradara	Takra along with Pippali along with Madhu.

- 8. Takra Prayoga in Vataja Hrudroga:-
- Hrudroga caused by Vata, patient should drink Takra mixed with Bida Lavana it cures Vataja Hrudroga as well as Gulma, Anaha.
- Taila, Souviraka, Mastu and Takra taken in equal quantities should be added with salt. Intake of this potion, in luke warm form cures Vataja Hrudroga.<sup>27</sup>
- 9. Takra Prayoga in Mutrakruchra:-
- Takra mixed with Guda is beneficial in Mutrakruchra<sup>28</sup>.
- Takra mixed with powders of Kusta, Gomedaka, Hingu, Krounchrasti, Trayushana, Vacha, Ela, Gokshura, Kharahva, Asmabheda and the juice of

Badaramla cures Mutrakruchra and Prameha<sup>29</sup>

- 10. Takra Prayoga in Pandu:-Takra mixed with Chitraka, Hingu, Jeeraka, Saindhava and Mishree having properties of Balya, Ruchya, Basti Shula Vinashana. It is indicated in Pandu Roga and also it is beneficial in Arsha, Vata Vyadhi, Atisara<sup>30</sup>.
- 11. Takra Prayoga in Kaphaja Chardi The patient who is suffering with *Kaphaja* Chardi should be given Purana Shali, Godhuma, Yava as food. Along with this, Takra cooked by adding Shunti, Pippali, Maricha or Takra cooked by adding *Nimba* as drink is very beneficial.<sup>31</sup>
- *12*. Takra Prayoga in Krumi Yavagu of Vidanga, Pippali Mula, Shighru, Maricha prepared with Butter

milk and salted with Souvarchala Lavana Cures Krumi<sup>32</sup>.

- Takra Prayoga in Shotha, Meha. 13. Arista Prepared out of Takra by adding Powders of Yavani, Amalaki, Pathya, Maricha along with Pancha Lavana is beneficial in curing Shotha, Meha, Krumi, Gulma, Arsha and Udara Roga<sup>33</sup>. Dosha Vaishamya Anusara Takra Pana Prayoga<sup>34</sup>:
- 1. Vata Dosha Vruddhi: Amla Takra mixed with Shunti and Saindhava.
- Pitta Dosha Vruddhi: Swadhu Takra mixed with Sita.
- Kapha Dosha Vruddhi: Takra mixed with Trikatu and Kshara.

#### **CONCLUSION:**

Takra because of the Madhura (sweet) and Amla (Sour) Rasa, Sandhra Guna (density), it is useful in counteracting the aggravated Vata, because of Madhura Vipaka it neither aggravates nor alleviates Pitta, because of its Kashaya Rasa (Astrigent taste), Ushna Veerya (Hot potency), Vikasitwa (which relieves the stiffness and causes looseness of joints) and Roukshata (ununctuousness) it is useful in counteracting the aggravated Kapha. Based on different Kind of Takra preparations due to Samskara, Takra attains various Properties. Thus, based on the Yukti of the Vaidhya, depending upon Rogi and Roga Bala should use the Takra and Takra Kalpanas in treating various ailments.

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